## § 1940.592

is multiplied by the weight factor and summed to arrive at a State factor (SF). The SF cannot exceed .05.

- SF = (criterion (b)(1)(i)  $\times$  50 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(ii)  $\times$  25 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(iii)  $\times$  25 percent)
- (c) Basic formula allocation. See §1940.552(c) of this subpart. States receiving administrative allocations do not receive formula allocations.
- (d) Transition formula. The transition formula for Community Program Guaranteed loans is not used.
- (e) Base allocation. See §1940.552(e) of this subpart. States receiving administrative allocations do not receive base allocations.
- (f) Administrative allocation. See 1940.552(f) of this subpart. States participating in the formula base allocation procedures do not receive administrative allocations.
- (g) Reserve. See §1940.522(g) of this subpart. States may request funds by forwarding a request following the format found in guide 26 of subpart A of part 1942 of this chapter (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office), to the National Office. Generally, a request for additional funds will not be honored unless the State has insufficient funds from the State's allocation to obligate the loan requested.
- (h) Pooling of funds. See §1940.522(h) of this subpart. Funds are generally pooled at mid-year and year-end. Pooled funds will be placed in the National Office reserve and will be made available administratively.
- (i) Availability of the allocation. See § 1940.552(i) of this subpart. The allocation of funds is made available for States to obligate on an annual basis although the Office of Management and Budget apportions it to the Agency on a quarterly basis.
- (j) Suballocation by State Director. See §1940.552(j) of this subpart. State Director has the option to suballocate to District Offices.
- (k) Other documentation. Not applicable

 $[55~{\rm FR}~11134,~{\rm Mar.}~27,~1990,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~58~{\rm FR}~54486,~{\rm Oct.}~22,~1993]$ 

## § 1940.592 Community facilities grants.

- (a) Amount available for allocations. See § 1940.552(a).
- (b) Basic formula criteria, data source, and weight. See §1940.552(b).
- (1) The criteria used in the basic formula are:
- (i) State's percentage of National rural population—50 percent.
- (ii) State's percentage of National rural population with income below the poverty level—50 percent.
- (2) Data source for each of these criterion is based on the latest census data available. Each criterion is assigned a specific weight according to its relevance in determining need. The percentage representing each criterion is multiplied by the weight factor and summed to arrive at a State factor (SF).
- SF (criterion (b)(1)(i)  $\times$  50 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(ii)  $\times$  50 percent)
- (c) Basic formula allocation. See §1940.552(c). States receiving administrative allocations do not receive formula allocations.
- (d) Transition formula. The transition formula for Community Facilities Grants is not used.
- (e) Base allocation. See §1940.552(e). States receiving administrative allocations do not receive base allocations.
- (f) Administrative allocation. See §1940.552(f). States participating in the formula base allocation procedures do not receive administrative allocations.
  - (g) Reserve. See \$1940.552(g).
- (h) Pooling of funds. See §1940.522(h). Funds will be pooled at midyear and yearend. Pooled funds will be placed in the National Office reserve and will be made available administratively.
- (i) Availability of the allocation. See §1940.552(i).
- (j) Suballocation by State Director. See § 1940.552(j).
- (k) Other documentation. Not applicable.

[62 FR 16468, Apr. 7, 1997]

## § 1940.593 Rural Business Opportunity Grants.

- (a) Amount available for allocations. See § 1940.552(a).
- (b) Basic formula criteria, data source, and weight. See § 1940.552(b).